University of California, Irvine Statistics Seminar

Bayesian Nonparametric Priors for Genomic Variant Discoveries

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The estimation of the number of unseen features is an important problem in biological sciences, for example to predict the number of hitherto unseen genomic variants. We investigate two classes of Bayesian nonparametric priors for the unseen features problem, and we shed light on their behavior in terms of predictive inference. We first focus on the popular class of completely random measures (CRMs), which include the three-parameter Beta process, and we show how, for fixed prior's parameters, CRMs all lead to Poisson posterior distribution for the number of unseen features, which depends on the sampling information only through the sample size. With the aim to enrich the predictive structure, we introduce the Stable-Beta Scaled Process (SB-SP) prior, and we show that it allows to enrich the posterior distribution of the number of unseen features arising under CRM priors, while maintaining its analytical tractability and interpretability. That is, the SB-SP prior leads to a negative Binomial posterior distribution for the unseen features, which depends on the sampling information through the sample size and the number of distinct features. The proposed approach turns out to be simple and computationally efficient. We apply our BNP proposal to synthetic data and to real cancer genomic data, showing that: i) it outperforms the most popular parametric and nonparametric competitors in terms of estimation accuracy; ii) it provides improved coverage for the estimation with respect to a BNP approach under CRM priors.